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**Economic Commission for Europe**

Inland Transport Committee

**World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations**

**Working Party on Lighting and Light-Signalling**

**Nintieth first session**

Geneva, 22 - 25 October 2024

Item 6 (a) of the provisional agenda

**Installation UN Regulations:**

**UN Regulation No. 48 (Installation of Lighting and Light-Signalling Devices)**

Proposal for a new supplement to UN Regulation No. 48

**Submitted by the experts from** **the Task Force on Automated Vehicle Signalling Requirements**[[1]](#footnote-2)\*

Revision

The text reproduced below was prepared by the experts from the Task Force on Automated Vehicle Signalling Requirements (TF AVSR). The modifications to the existing text of the UN Regulation are marked bold for new and strikethrough for deleted characters. This document is an updated version of ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRE/2023/9/Rev.2, following the recent session of TF AVSR in July 2024.

**Proposed changes by the EC are indicated by blue bold text.** EC comments are highlighted in green.

Changes during AVSR-21 in track-change mode

1. Proposal

*1. Scope amend to read:*

1. This Regulation applies to vehicles of categories M, N, **[X, Y]** and to their trailers (category O)[[2]](#footnote-3) with regard to the installation of lighting and light-signalling devices.

*Add new paragraph 2.3.3.7.,* to read:

**«2.3.3.7. Of components for ADS (e.g. sensors, etc.)**

**»**

*Paragraph 2.3.8.,* amend to read:

"2.3.8. "*Movable components*" of the vehicle mean those body panels or other vehicle parts the position(s) of which can be changed by tilting, rotating or sliding without the use of tools. They do not include tiltable ~~driver~~ cabs of trucks."

*Add new paragraphs 2.3.12. to 2.3.12.5.,* to read:

**"2.3.12. Terms and definitions related to automated driving**

**2.3.12.1. *“Dynamic Driving Task (DDT)”* means the real-time operational and tactical functions required to operate the vehicle.**

**2.3.12.2. *“Automated Driving System (ADS)”* means the hardware and software that are collectively capable of performing the entire DDT on a sustained basis.**

**2.3.12.3. *“Driver”* means a human user who performs in real time part or all of the DDT** **and/or DDT fallback for a particular vehicle.”**

**2.3.12.4. “*Operational Design Domain (ODD)*” means the operating conditions under which an ADS feature is specifically designed to function.**

**2.2.12.5. *“ADS feature”* means an application of an ADS designed specifically for use within an Operational Design Domain (ODD).**

*Paragraph 2.5.3.,* amend to read:

"2.5.3. "*Direction‑indicator lamp*" means the lamp used to indicate to other road‑users that the ~~driver~~ **~~vehicle~~ driver or ADS** intends to change direction to the right or to the left. A direction-indicator lamp or lamps may also be used according to the provisions of UN Regulations Nos. 97**,** 116, 162 or 163."

*Paragraph 2.7.4.7.,* amend to read:

"2.7.4.7. "*Adaptive main-beam*" means a main-beam of the AFS that adapts its beam pattern to the presence of oncoming and preceding vehicles in order to improve the long-range **illumination** ~~visibility~~ **ahead of the vehicle** ~~for the driver~~ without causing discomfort, distraction or glare to other road users."

Paragraphs 2.7.6.1., 2.7.6.2., 2.7.6.3. and 2.7.6.4., amend to read:

“2.7.6.1. "*Switch ON*" means to manually, ~~or~~ automatically **or through the action of an ADS,** operate an illuminating or signalling function to effectively emit light, irrespective of whether the function is operating correctly or not.”

2.7.6.2. "*Switch OFF*" means to manually**,** ~~or~~ automatically **or through the action of an ADS** operate an illuminating or signalling function to stop emitting light, irrespective of whether the function is operating correctly or not.

2.7.6.3. "*Activate*" means to manually, ~~or~~automatically **or through the action of an ADS,** enable an illuminating or signalling function, irrespective of whether light is emitted or not (e.g. enable stand-by mode).

2.7.6.4. "*Deactivate*" means to manually, ~~or~~ automatically **or through the action of an ADS,** disable an illuminating or signalling function, irrespective of whether light is emitted or not (e.g. disable stand-by mode).

*Add a new paragraph 3.2.8. to read:*

**“3.2.8. ~~Vehicles~~ If a driver’s seat is fitted but it is not the front seat nearest to the opposing traffic, ~~due to the design or the operational conditions of the vehicle~~, the applicant shall specify this seating position.”**

*[Paragraph 4.2.,* amend to read:

4.2. An approval number shall be assigned to each type approved. Its first two digits (at present **09**, corresponding to the 09 series of amendments) shall indicate the series of amendments incorporating the most recent major technical amendments made to the Regulation at the time of issue of the approval. The same Contracting Party shall not assign this number to another vehicle type or to the same vehicle type submitted with equipment not specified in the list referred to in paragraph 3.2.2. above, subject to the provisions of paragraph 7. of this Regulation.]

*Paragraph 5.2.1.,* amend to read:

*“*5.2.1. "In the case of headlamps fitted with measures to prevent discomfort to other road-users in a country where traffic operates on the side of the road opposite to that of the country for which the headlamp was designed, such measures shall be achieved automatically or by the vehicle user with the vehicle in the park condition without the need for special tools (other than those provided with the vehicle[[3]](#footnote-4)). Detailed instructions shall be provided by the vehicle manufacturer with the vehicle.

If the vehicle is equipped with an ADS and the ODD of that ADS includes the change between traffic on both sides of the road, the ADS shall be able to activate the measures when the direction of traffic changes.”

*Paragraph 5.14.4.,* amend to read:

"5.14.4. It shall not be possible deliberately, **from the inside of the vehicle or by the ADS** ~~from the driver's seat~~**~~,~~** to stop the movement of switched ON lamps before they reach the position of use. If there is a danger of dazzling other road users by the movement of the lamps, they may light up only when they have reached their position of use."

*Paragraph 5.26.4.,* amend to read:

"5.26.4. No sharp variation of intensity shall be observed during transition.

It may be possible ~~for the driver~~ to set the functions above to static luminous intensities."

*Add new paragraph 5.35.12.* to read:

**5.35.12. Driver Assistance Projections, which are intended to support the driver only, shall not be activated if the ADS is active.**

*Add new paragraphs 5.36. to 5.41.* to read:

“[**5.36.** **Any automatic lighting functionality, which requires the driver to permanently monitor the environment and the vehicle/system performance, is not an ADS.]**

**5.37. Whilst the ADS is active, any tell-tale information specified in paragraphs 5 and 6 of this UN Regulation shall be transmitted to the ADS.**

**5.38. If not otherwise specified, all Requirements to this Regulation, related to the “driver” or “manual operation” assuming that the “ADS” is not active.**

**5.39. If an ADS is active and it is not otherwise specified, all active lighting functions prescribed in this Regulation shall be operated by the ADS"**

**5. 40. In the case of vehicles categories X and Y the following specifications will be apply:**

**5.40.1. for vehicles of Category X will be disregard the presence of:**

**- a driver [and the related specifications];**

**5.40.2. for vehicles without occupants (Category Y) will be disregard the presence of:**

* + - **Any person;**
    - **Visible or audible tell-tales;**
    - **Any manual functions ( e. g. swiches etc….).**

**5.41. To verify, whether, according to this Regulation, the active ADS operation of all lighting functions does not cause any discomfort, the technical service shall perform a test drive which comprises any situation relevant to the system control on the basis of the applicants description and in accordance with Regulation GRVA; it shall be notified whether all modes are activated, performing and de-activated according to the applicant's description; obvious malfunctioning, if any, shall be contested (e.g. excessive angular movement or flicker).**

*Paragraph 6.1.4.3.,* amend to read:

6.1.4.3. In length: At the front of the vehicle. This requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied if the light emitted does not cause discomfort to the driver either directly or indirectly through the devices for indirect vision **or sensors for ADS** and/or other reflecting surfaces of the vehicle.

*Paragraph 6.1.7.1.,* amend to read::

“6.1.7.1. Except when they are used to give intermittent luminous warnings at short intervals, the main-beam headlamps may be switched ON only when the dipped-beam headlamps are manually activated or the conditions for automatic switching ON of dipped-beam headlamps exist. Consequently, the main beam headlamps shall be switched OFF automatically when the dipped-beam headlamps are manually deactivated or the conditions for automatic switching ON of dipped-beam headlamps ceased to exist. **Whilst an ADS is active, the main beam headlamps may not be activated to give intermittent luminous warnings.”**

*Paragraph 6.1.7.2.,* amend to read::

# “6.1.7.2. The control of the main-beam headlamps may be automatic regarding their switching ON and OFF, the control signals being produced by a sensor system which is capable of detecting and reacting to each of the following inputs:

(a) Ambient lighting conditions;

(b) The light emitted by the front lighting devices and front light-signalling devices of oncoming vehicles;

(c) The light emitted by the rear light-signalling devices of preceding vehicles.

Additional sensor functions to improve performance are allowed.

For the purpose of this paragraph, "vehicles" means vehicles of categories L, M, N, O, T, as well as bicycles, such vehicles being equipped with retro-reflectors, with lighting and light-signalling devices, which are switched ON.”

**For vehicles equipped with an ADS, the control of main-beam headlamps may be automatic as described above, or controlled by the ADS.**

*Paragraph 6.1.7.3.,* amend to read

# “6.1.7.3. **With the exception of an active ADS,** it shall always be possible to switch the main-beam headlamps ON and OFF manually and to manually deactivate the automatic control of the main-beam headlamps.

Moreover, the switching OFF of the main-beam headlamps and the deactivation of their automatic control shall be by means of a simple and immediate manual operation; the use of sub-menus is not allowed.

*Paragraph 6.2.4.3.,* amend to read::

6.2.4.3. In length: at the front of the vehicle. This requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied if the light emitted does not cause discomfort to the driver either directly, or indirectly through the devices for indirect vision **or sensors for ADS** and/or other reflecting surfaces of the vehicle.

*Add a new paragraph 6.1.7.2.1.,* to read:

**“6.1.7.2.1. In the case that the vehicle is controlled by an ADS, either:**

* **the applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the Type-Approval Authority that the automatic main-beam operation is controlled by the ADS to avoid causing discomfort, distraction or glare to other road users; or**
* **the main-beam headlamps shall be deactivated while the ADS is active.”**

*Paragraph 6.1.7.3.,* amend to read:

**“6.1.7.3. ~~With the exception of an active ADS~~,** ~~it~~ It shall always be possible **for the driver** to switch the main-beam headlamps ON and OFF [manually] and to [manually] switch OFF the automatic control of the main-beam headlamps.

Moreover, the switching OFF, of the main-beam headlamps and of their automatic control, shall be by means of a simple and immediate manual operation; the use of sub-menus is not allowed.”

*Paragraph 6.2.6.1.1.,* amend to read:

6.2.6.1.1. Initial downward inclination

The initial downward inclination of the cut-off of the passing-beam shall be:

- set in the unladen vehicle state with one person in the ~~driver’s seat~~ **front seat, nearest to the opposing traffic,** and

- specified within an accuracy of 0.1 per cent by the manufacturer and

- within the range defined in paragraph 6.2.6.1.2.

The value of this specified initial downward inclination shall be indicated in a clearly legible and indelible manner on each vehicle close to either headlamp or the manufacturer's plate by the symbol shown in Annex 7.

Different values of the initial downward inclination for different variants/versions of the same vehicle type may be specified, within the range defined in paragraph 6.2.6.1.2., provided that only the pertinent value is indicated on each variant/version.

*Paragraph 6.2.6.2.2.,* amend to read:

“6.2.6.2.2. However, **with the exception of an active ADS**, devices which are adjusted manually, shall only be permitted for vehicles of categories M2G, M3G, N2G, N3G, provided they have a stop…”

*Paragraph 6.2.7.6.,* amend to read:

“6.2.7.6. Irrespective of the requirements of paragraph 6.2.7.5. **and with the exception of an active ADS**, it shall always be possible to switch the dipped beam headlamps ON manually.

*Paragraph 6.2.7.7.,* amend to read:

"6.2.7.7. The driver **or the ADS** shall at all times be able to engage the automatic operation."

*Paragraph 6.3.4.3.,* amend to read:

6.3.4.3. In length: at the front of the vehicle. This requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied if the light emitted does not cause discomfort to the driver either directly, or indirectly through the devices for indirect vision and/or other reflecting surfaces of the vehicle. **Additionally, for vehicles equipped with an ADS, such that the light emitted or reflected does not affect the performance of sensors for the ADS negatively.**

*Paragraph 6.3.6.1.~~2.~~1.1.,* amend to read:

"6.3.6.1.~~2.~~1.1. The vertical inclination of the cut-off to be set in the unladen vehicle state with one person in the ~~driver’s seat~~ **front seat, nearest to the opposing traffic,** shall be – 1.0 per cent or lower. "

*Paragraph 6.3.6.1.2.2.~~2~~.,* amend to read:

"6.3.6.1.2.2.~~2~~. The initial downward inclination of the cut-off to be set in the unladen vehicle state with one person in the ~~driver’s seat~~ **front seat, nearest to the opposing traffic,** shall be specified within an accuracy of one decimal place by the manufacturer and indicated in a clearly legible and indelible manner on each vehicle close to either the front fog lamp or the manufacturer's plate or in combination with the indication referred to in paragraph 6.2.6.1.1. by the symbol shown in Annex 7 to this Regulation. The value of this indicated downward inclination shall be defined in accordance with paragraph 6.3.6.1.2.2.1."

*Paragraph 6.4.7.2.,* amend to read:

"6.4.7.2. Moreover, the electrical connections of the two optional devices mentioned in paragraph 6.4.2.2. shall be such that these devices cannot be switched ON unless the lamps referred to in paragraph 5.11. are switched ON.

The devices fitted on the side of the vehicle may be switched ON for slow manoeuvres in forward motion of the vehicle up to a maximum speed of 15 km/h, provided that the following conditions are fulfilled:

1. The devices shall be switched ON and OFF manually by a separate control **or may be switched ON and OFF ~~automatically~~ by an ADS**;

(b) If so switched ON, they may remain ON after reverse gear is disengaged;

(c) They shall be automatically switched OFF if the forward speed of the vehicle exceeds 15 km/h, regardless of the position of the separate control; in this case they shall remain switched OFF until deliberately being switched ON again."

*Paragraph 6.5.7.,* amend to read:

"6.5.7. Electrical connections

Direction-indicator lamps shall switch ON independently of the other lamps. All direction-indicator lamps on one side of a vehicle shall be switched ON and OFF **by the ADS or** by means of one control and shall flash in phase. **~~In addition, in the case of an activated ADS, the direction-indicator lamps shall be operated automatically~~.**

**~~"Additionally, whilst an ADS is active, the direction indicator lamps shall be operated by the ADS"~~**

On M1 and N1 vehicles less than 6 m in length, with an arrangement complying with paragraph 6.5.5.2. above, the amber side-marker lamps, when mounted, shall also flash at the same frequency (in phase) with the direction-indicator lamps.

A direction indicator capable of being activated in different modes (static or sequential), shall not switch between both modes once activated.

If two optional lamps (category 2a or 2b) are installed on vehicles in categories M2, M3, N2, N3, they shall be operated in the same mode as the other mandatory rear direction indicator lamps (category 2a or 2b); i.e. static or sequential."

*Paragraph 6.6.7.1.* amend to read:

"6.6.7.1. The signal shall be operated by means of a separate manual control,enabling all the direction-indicator lamps to flash in phase. **In addition, ~~in the case of an activated~~ whilst an ADS is active, the direction-indicator lamps shall be operated automatically.**"

*Paragraph 6.13.4.2.,* amend to read:

"6.13.4.2. In height:

Front: Motor vehicles - the horizontal plane tangential to the upper edge of the apparent surface in the direction of the reference axis of the device shall not be lower than the horizontal plane tangential to the upper edge of the transparent zone of the wind‑screen. **On vehicles equipped with an ADS and not fitted with a windscreen, at the maximum height compatible with the requirements relating to the width, design and operational requirements of the vehicle and to the symmetry of the lamps.**

…"

*Paragraph 6.19.7.2.,* amend to read:

6.19.7.2. Irrespective of the requirements of paragraphs 6.19.7.1. and 6.19.7.5., under conditions requiring the daytime running lamps to be switched ON, the daytime running lamps may remain OFF or, once automatically switched ON, may be switched OFF manually and remain OFF while at least one of the following conditions exists:

(a) The automatic transmission control is in the park position;

(b) The parking brake is in the locked position;

(c) Prior to the vehicle being set in motion for the first time after each **~~manual~~** activation of the device, which starts and/or stops the propulsion system.

(d) The vehicle speed does not exceed 15 km/h.

*Paragraph 6.20.7.2.,* amend to read:

"6.20.7.2. When the reversing lamp is switched ON, both cornering lamps may be switched ON simultaneously, independently from the steering **angle** ~~wheel position~~ or direction-indicator **activation** ~~position~~.

If so switched ON, both cornering lamps shall be switched OFF either:

(a) When the reversing lamp is switched OFF; or

(b) When the forward speed of the vehicle exceeds 15 km/h."

*Paragraph 6.22.4.2.,* amend to read:

6.22.4.2. In length:

All lighting units of an AFS shall be mounted at the front. This requirement is deemed to be satisfied if the light emitted does not cause discomfort to the driver either directly or indirectly through the devices for indirect vision and/or other reflecting surfaces of the vehicle. **Additionally, for vehicles equipped with an ADS, such that the light emitted or reflected does not affect the performance of sensors for the ADS negatively**.

*Paragraph 6.22.6.1.1.,* amend to read:

« 6.22.6.1.1. The initial downward inclination of the cut-off of the basic passing-beam to be set in the unladen vehicle state with one person in the ~~driver’s seat~~ **front seat, nearest to the opposing traffic,** shall be specified within an accuracy of 0.1 per cent by the manufacturer and indicated in a clearly legible and indelible manner on each vehicle, close to either the front lighting system or the manufacturer's plate, by the symbol shown in Annex 7.

Where differing initial downward inclinations are specified by the manufacturer for different lighting units that provide or contribute to the cut-off of the basic passing-beam, these values of downward inclination shall be specified within an accuracy of 0.1 per cent by the manufacturer and indicated in a clearly legible and indelible manner on each vehicle, close to either the relevant lighting units or on the manufacturers plate, by the symbol shown in Annex 7 in such a way that all the lighting units concerned can be unambiguously identified.

The value(s) of this (these) indicated initial downward inclination(s) shall be specified by the vehicle manufacturer within the range defined in paragraph 6.2.6.1.2. in relation to the mounting height of the lighting units that provide or contribute to the cut-off of the basic passing-beam.

Different values of the initial downward inclination for different variants/versions of the same vehicle type may be specified, within the range defined in paragraph 6.2.6.1.2., provided that only the pertinent value is indicated on each variant/version."

*Add a new paragraph 6.22.7.1.2.1.,* to read:

**“6.22.7.1.2.1. In the case that the vehicle is controlled by an ADS, either:**

**- the applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the Type-Approval Authority that the adaptive main-beam operation is controlled by the ADS to avoid causing discomfort, distraction or glare to other road users; or**

**- the main-beam headlamps shall be deactivated while the ADS ais active.”**

*Paragraph 6.22.7.1.3.* amend to read:

“6.22.7.1.3. **With the exception of an active ADS**, it shall always be possible to switch the main-beam headlamps, adaptive or non-adaptive, ON and OFF manually and to manually switch OFF the automatic control.

Moreover, the switching OFF, of the main-beam headlamps and of their automatic control, shall be by means of a simple and immediate manual operation; the use of sub-menus is not allowed.”

*Paragraph 6.22.7.5.,* amend to read:

"**~~6.22.7.5. In case the ADS is not active, the driver shall always be able to set the AFS to the neutral state and to return it to its automatic operation. An ADS shall always be able to set the AFS to neutral state.~~**~~"~~

“[6.22.7.5](https://6.22.7.5). It shall always be possible for the driver **or ADS** to set the AFS to the neutral state and to return it to its automatic operation.”

*Paragraph 6.22.8.4.,* amend to read:

"6.22.8.4. A tell-tale to indicate that the driver **or the ADS** has set the system into a state according to paragraph 5.8. of UN Regulation No. 123 or paragraph 4.12. of UN Regulation No. 149 is optional."

*Paragraph 6.22.9.3.2.,* amend to read:

"6.22.9.3.2. To verify, whether, according to the paragraph 6.22.7.4., the AFS automatic operation of the passing-beam functions does not cause any discomfort, the technical service shall perform a test drive which comprises any situation relevant to the system control on the basis of the applicants description; it shall be notified whether all modes are activated, performing and de-activated according to the applicant's description; obvious malfunctioning, if any, shall be contested (e.g. excessive angular movement or flicker). **For vehicles equipped with an ADS, the test drive of the vehicle with the ADS in operation shall be limited to the ODD.**

…"

*Paragraph 6.22.9.3.4.,* amend to read:

"6.22.9.3.4.To verify that the adaptation of the main beam, including Driver Assistance Projection, does not cause any discomfort, distraction or glare, neither to the driver nor to oncoming and preceding vehicles, the technical service shall perform a test drive according to paragraph 2. in Annex 12. This shall include any situation relevant to the system control on the basis of the applicant’s description. The performance of the adaptation of the main beam shall be documented and checked against the applicant’s description. Any obvious malfunctioning shall be contested (e.g. excessive angular movement or flicker). **For vehicles equipped with an ADS, the test drive of the vehicle with the ADS in operation shall be limited to the ODD.**"

*Paragraph 6.22.9.3.4.,* amend to read:

“6.26.7. Electrical Connections

Motor vehicles: Manoeuvring lamps shall be so connected that they cannot be switched ON unless the main-beam headlamps or the dipped-beam headlamps of the motor vehicle are switched ON at the same time.

The manoeuvring lamp(s) shall be switched ON automatically for slow manoeuvres up to 15 km/h provided that one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

(a) Prior to the vehicle being set in motion for the first time after each ~~manual~~ activation of the propulsion system; or

(b) Reverse gear is engaged; or

(c) A camera-based system which assists parking manoeuvres is operating.

The manoeuvring lamps shall be automatically switched OFF if the forward speed of the vehicle exceeds 15 km/h and they shall remain switched OFF until the switch ON conditions are met again.

Trailers: Manoeuvring lamps shall be so connected that they cannot be activated unless the position lamps of the trailer are switched ON at the same time and shall take their input speed directly from the trailer.

The manoeuvring lamp(s) shall be switched ON automatically for slow manoeuvres up to 15 km/h provided that one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

(a) Prior to the trailer being set in motion for the first time after each ~~manual~~ activation of the vehicle propulsion system; or

(b) The reverse lamp is switched ON; or

(c) A camera-based system which assists parking manoeuvres is operating.

The manoeuvring lamps shall be automatically switched OFF if the forward speed of the trailer exceeds 15 km/h and they shall remain switched OFF until the switch ON conditions are met again.”

*Annex 1,*

*Add a new item 9.31.,* to read:

"**9.31. Automated Driving System (ADS): yes/no2**

*Add a new item 10.8.,* to read:

**“10.8. A driver’s seat is fitted: yes/no2**

**The driver’s seat is the front seat nearest to the opposing traffic: yes/no2**

**If not, to be specified.**

*Annex 5,*

*Paragraph 2.,* amend to read:

2. Loading conditions for different types of vehicles:

**For this paragraph the front seat nearest to the opposing traffic (formerly known as the “driver’s seat”) is referred to as “seating position 1”.**

**If the seating position 1 is not located on the front seat nearest to the opposing traffic, due to the design or the operational conditions of the vehicle, the manufacturer shall specify the seating position 1.**

* **For vehicles designed to travel without occupants ~~(Category Y)~~ the presence of any persons shall be disregarded.**
* **For vehicles designed to travel with occupants the following loading conditions shall apply:”**

*Paragraphs 2.1.1.1. to 2.4.2.2.,* amend to read:

"2.1.1.1. One person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**;

2.1.1.2. ~~The driver~~ **One person in seating position 1**, plus one ~~passenger~~ **person** in the front seat farthest from ~~the driver~~ **the person in** **seating position 1**;

2.1.1.3. ~~The driver~~ **One person in seating position 1**, one ~~passenger~~ **person** in the front seat farthest from ~~the driver~~ **the person in** **seating position 1**, all the seats farthest to the rear occupied;

2.1.1.4. All the seats occupied;

2.1.1.5. All the seats occupied, plus an evenly distributed load in the luggage boot, in order to obtain the permissible load on the rear axle or on the front axle if the boot is at the front. If the vehicle has a front and a rear boot, the additional load shall be appropriately distributed in order to obtain the permissible axle loads. However, if the maximum permissible laden mass is obtained before the permissible load on one of the axles, the loading of the boot(s) shall be limited to the figure which enables that mass to be reached;

2.1.1.6. ~~Driver~~ **One person in seating position 1**, plus an evenly distributed load in the boot, in order to obtain the permissible load on the corresponding axle.

However, if the maximum permissible laden mass is obtained before the permissible load on the axle, the loading of the boot(s) shall be limited to the figure which enables that mass to be reached.

2.1.2. In determining the above loading conditions, account shall be taken of any loading restrictions laid down by the manufacturer.

2.2. Vehicles in categories M2 and M31;

The angle of the light beam from the dipped‑beam headlamps shall be determined under the following loading conditions:

2.2.1. Vehicle unladen and one person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**;

2.2.2. Vehicles laden such that each axle carries its maximum technically permissible load or until the maximum permissible mass of the vehicle is attained by loading the front and rear axles proportionally to their maximum technically permissible loads, whichever occurs first.

2.3. Vehicles in category N with load surfaces:

2.3.1. The angle of the light beam from the dipped‑beam headlamps shall be determined under the following loading conditions;

2.3.1.1. Vehicle unladen and one person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**;

2.3.1.2. ~~Driver~~ **One person in seating positon 1**, plus a load so distributed as to give the maximum technically permissible load on the rear axle or axles, or the maximum permissible mass of the vehicle, whichever occurs first, without exceeding a front axle load calculated as the sum of the front axle load of the unladen vehicle plus 25 per cent of the maximum permissible payload on the front axle. Conversely, the front axle is so considered when the load platform is at the front.

2.4. Vehicles in category N without a load surface:

2.4.1. Drawing vehicles for semi‑trailers:

2.4.1.1. Unladen vehicle without a load on the coupling attachment and one person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**;

2.4.1.2. One person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**: technically permissible load on the coupling attachment in the position of the attachment corresponding to the highest load on the rear axle.

2.4.2. Drawing vehicles for trailers:

2.4.2.1. Vehicle unladen and one person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**;

2.4.2.2. One person in ~~the driver’s seat~~ **seating position 1**, all the other places in the driving cabin being occupied."

Annex 12

Insert a new item 1.7 to read:

**“1.7 For vehicles equipped with an ADS, the test drive for the vehicle with the ADS in operation shall be limited to those conditions that fall within the ODD of the ADS.”**

Insert a new item 2.9 to read

**“2.9 For vehicles equipped with an ADS, the test drive for the vehicle with the ADS in operation shall be limited to those conditions that fall within the ODD of the ADS.”**

OTHER PARAGRAPHS

**~~2.3.3.3.~~** ~~Of~~ **~~sensors and~~** ~~devices for indirect vision;~~

**~~2.3.4.2. (a)~~** ~~Of~~ **~~sensors and~~** ~~devices for indirect vision;~~

**4.2.** …(at present **09**, corresponding to the **09** series of amendments …)

**5.26.4.** It may be possible for the driver to set the functions above to static luminous intensities.

**5.35.** General provisions relating to Driver Assistance Projection

**6.1.4.3., 6.2.4.3., etc.** In length: at the front of the vehicle. This requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied if the light emitted does not cause discomfort to the driver either directly or indirectly through the devices for indirect vision and/or other reflecting surfaces of the vehicle.

**6.2.7.6.** Irrespective of the requirements of paragraph 6.2.7.5., it shall always be possible to switch the dipped beam

headlamps ON manually.

**6.22.7.1.3**. … Moreover, the switching OFF, of the main-beam headlamps and the deactivation of their automatic control shall be by means of a simple and immediate manual operation; the use of sub-menus is not allowed

**Testing provisions, COP and PTI:** AVSR should consider how to ensure that all requirements of R48 can be tested, especially for vehicles of Category X and Y that may have no manual controls.

II. Justification

1. This proposal to amend UN Regulation No. 48 (Installation of lighting and light-signalling devices) is submitted by the expert from TF AVSR with the aim to introduce vehicles with a driving system, which controls its operation or may be operated by driver support features or automated driving features or by an Automated Driving System (ADS). In particular, it is based on the discussions at the TF AVSR online meeting on 16 October 2023.

2. At the first TF AVSR meeting on 15 June 2022 in Stockholm, two new definitions for the purpose of this Regulation were added for clarification. The “Driving system” is the description for the parts of the vehicle that enable automated or autonomous driving. The operational mode, regardless of whether the vehicle is operated manually or automatically is defined as the “Driving mode” and taken from the key definitions in the standard SAE-J3016. That can be specified, e.g. as an autonomous driving mode, in the meaning that it is currently required in this Regulation. These two definitions make it possible to define the lighting requirements without having to go into detail about the different levels of automated or autonomous driving.

3. At its eighty-eighth session in April 2023, the Working Party on Lighting and Light-Signalling (GRE) requested TF AVSR to find common definitions with the Working Party on Automated/Autonomous and Connected Vehicles (GRVA). The discussion with GRVA and its Informal Working Group on Functional Requirements for Automated and Autonomous Vehicles (IWG FRAV) started and continued at the IWG FRAV meeting in Berlin in September 2023. As a result of this cooperation, the definitions listed in this document are based mainly on informal document FRAV-43-05, an input from the World Forum (WP.29) expert group on regulatory fitness for ADS at its meeting in October 2023 and the TF AVSR meeting on 16 October 2023. The definitions for ADS, DDT and driver, as listed in this document, correspond to informal document GRVA-17-33.

4. The requirements in 6.11.7.3.2. need only an amendment in case there is no driver's door. There is in general a need for a warning, at least an audible signal, additional to the mandatory tell-tale if the ignition is switched OFF or the ignition key is withdrawn and the driver's door is opened, because this is independent from the driving mode a relevant information for the driver and prevents from unintentional actions. Additionally, in Annex 5 for the loading condition, a clarification for vehicles without occupants was introduced.

*Background supporting information*

5. On 2 December 2021, the Federal Motor Transport Authority (KBA) granted the world's first type approval in the field of automated driving for an Automated Lane Keeping System (ALKS) for a model of the manufacturer Mercedes-Benz.

6. The basis is UN Regulation No. 157, which defines internationally harmonised safety requirements for automated lane-keeping systems. This type approval for automated driving granted by KBA is an important first step on the road to automation, as Mr. Richard Damm, President of KBA said on the occasion of the granting. KBA sets national, European and international standards for road safety on the road to autonomous driving. This is the key point, because it requires consumer confidence in the safety of the new technologies. In order to create this trust, we have applied a strict standard, which we, as pioneers in this field, will also adhere to further down the road, Mr. Richard Damm continued.

7. The automatic lane-keeping system (ALKS) is classified as "Level 3" automation. This is an automated mode in which the driver does not have to constantly monitor the system. The 01 series of amendments to UN Regulation No. 157 still limits the use of ALKS in its current form on motorway-like roads up to a speed of 130 km/h. The use of ALKS on motorway-like roads is not permitted. Under this condition, the driver can perform non-driving activities with the ALKS function switched on. However, the driver must be prepared at all times to resume driving after being requested to do so.

8. The number of type approvals for automated and autonomous driving vehicles will increase rapidly. Without rapid adaptation of UN Regulation No. 48, the entire Regulation may become less relevant in the long run as alternative regulations are developed somewhere else.

9. One example for that is “Annexes to the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/2236 amending Annexes I, II, IV and V to Regulation (EU) 2018/858 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the technical requirements for vehicles produced in unlimited series, vehicles produced in small series, *fully automated vehicles produced in small series*and special purpose vehicles, and as regards software updates” which came into force on 10 July 2022[[4]](#footnote-5).

10. This includes “Annex II, Part I, Appendix 1 to Regulation (EU) 2018/858, containing the requirements for EU type-approval of vehicles produced in small series is amended and complemented to take into account Regulation (EU) 2019/2144 and the delegated acts and implementing acts adopted pursuant to it. In addition, the requirements for the EU whole vehicle type-approval of fully automated vehicles produced in small series are set out in a new Table 2 to that Appendix.”

10. The above Table 2 contains the requirements as follows:

*“D15 Installation of light signalling, road illumination and retro-reflective devices Regulation (EU) 2019/2144 A (which refers in general to UN Regulation No. 48)*

*Definition of: X (for manual driving mode) // A (for fully automated driving mode)*

*Additional requirements: The requirements shall remain the same, but in case of malfunctioning, the information shall be sent to ADS and the remote intervention operator (if applicable).*

*The activation of the lights is managed by the ADS.*

*For bidirectional vehicles, requirements shall be met in both directions unless it is incompatible with the use in agreement with the type-approval authority.”*

11. Therefore, TF AVSR proposes to adapt UN Regulation No. 48 as soon as possible.

**12. The definition in paragraph 2.3.12.3. was changed as follows:**

**From**

***“Driver”* means a human being who performs in real time part or all of the DDT.”**

**TO**

**2.3.12.3. *“Driver”* means a human user who performs in real time part or all of the DDT** **and/or DDT fallback for a particular vehicle.”**

# This correspond to the document **ECE/TRANS/WP.29/2024/39,** as presented by the Chair of GRVA to (WP.29) World Forum for Harmonization of Vehicle Regulations (193rd session), which includs the guidelines on Automated Driving Systems prepared by the Integration Group of the IWGs on Functional Requirements for Automated Vehicles and Validation Method for Automated Driving. The representatives of Canada, China, France, Germany, Japan, European Union and the United States of America expressed their support for this proposal and gratitude for all stakeholders for this activity. WP.29 adopted it and looked forward to the outcome of the activities of the IWG on ADS.

See paragraph 36 of report in document **ECE/TRANS/WP.29/1179 -**

The definition will be find unter paragraph 3.1.10. In the above mentioned guidelines

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1. \* In accordance with the programme of work of the Inland Transport Committee for 2024 as outlined in proposed programme budget for 2024 (A/78/6 (Sect. 20), table 20.5), the World Forum will develop, harmonize and update UN Regulations in order to enhance the performance of vehicles. The present document is submitted in conformity with that mandate. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. As defined in the Consolidated Resolution on the Construction of Vehicles (R.E.3.), document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/78/Rev.3, para. 2 - [www.unece.org/trans/main/wp29/wp29wgs/wp29gen/wp29resolutions.html](http://www.unece.org/trans/main/wp29/wp29wgs/wp29gen/wp29resolutions.html) [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
3. This does not apply to dedicated objects that may be added to the exterior of the headlamp. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
4. <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/NL/TXT/?uri=PI_COM:Ares(2022)2077610> [↑](#footnote-ref-5)